

Seat No.

HB-003-2016008

B. Sc. (Sem. VI) (CBCS) (W.E.F. 2019) Examination

April - 2023

Chemistry : C-603

(Physical Chemistry & Analytical Chemistry) (New Course)

> Faculty Code : 003 Subject Code : 2016008

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ / Total Marks : 70

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structions :							
(1)	All questions are compulsory.					
(2)	Figures at right side indicate marks.					
(a)	Answer the following :					
		(1)	a = fc, a is the				
		(2)	Define : Activity Co-efficient.				
		(3)	Define : Entropy.				
		(4)	$\underset{T \to 0}{\text{limit } \Delta S} = ___ \text{ at absolute zero temperature.}$				
((b) Answer any one :		wer any one :				
		(1)	Explain Ionic strength.				
		(2)	Give the statement of Levis and Rendal.				
((c) Answer any one :		wer any one :				
		(1)	Calculate Ionic strength for 0.1 M KCl solution with				
			complete ionization.				
		(2)	Write a note on Nernst heat theorem.				
(d)	Answer any one :					
		(1)	Derive method to determine activity co-efficient by				
			solubility method.				
		$\langle \mathbf{a} \rangle$					

(2) Discuss the determination of absolute entropies of solid, liquid and gas with related equations.

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2	(a)	Ans	wer the following :	4
		(1)	Define : Concentration cell.	
		(2)	Give the full name of LJP.	
		(3)	The electrolyte concentration cell in which salt bridge	
			has been removed, for that LJP .	
			(Produce/Ignore)	
		(4)	Give the equation to determine solubility.	
	(b)	Ans	wer any one :	2
		(1)	Explain advantages of Glass electrode.	
		(2)	Give only classification of concentration cell.	
	(c)	Ans	3	
	. ,	(1)	Derive equation of emf for Gas electrode concentration cell	
		(2)	Calculate cell potential of given cell at 25°C ($R = 8.314$)	
		(2)	IK ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹)	
			$Cu / Cu^{+2} / Cu^{+2} / Cu$	
			0.1M 0.5M	
	(d)	Ans	5	
	()	(1)	Derive the equations for the concentration cell including	-
		(-)	LJP and with transference.	
		(2)	Explain determination of dissociation constant of weak	
		(-)	acid by emf measurement.	
3	(a)	Answer the following :		4
		(1)	Partial molar properties depend on function.	
		(2)	Give the statement of Rooult's law.	
		(3)	For 7.146351, a significant figure is .	
		(4)	Define : Accuracy.	
	(b)	Ans	wer any one :	2
		(1)	Explain partial molar properties in short.	
		(2)	Define :	
			(i) Absolute error	
			(ii) Relative error	
	(c)	Ans	wer any one :	3
		(1)	Explain Henry's law.	
		(2)	Write a note on Q-Test.	
	(d)	Ans	wer any one :	5
		(1)	Write down method of intercept for partial molar	
		<i></i>	properties.	
		(2)	Explain any three method for minimization of errors.	
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4	(a)	Answer the following :	
		(1) Define : Chromatography.	
		(2) Give the full form of TLC.	
		(3) In paper chromatography mobile phase is	
		(4) What is R_f value ?	
	(b)	Answer any one :	
		(1) Give the factors affecting on GLC.	
		(2) Give the principle of Gas chromatography.	
	(c)	Answer any one :	3
		(1) Explain Ascending paper chromatography.	
		(2) Explain separation of carotenes from carrot by using	- ,
		column chromatography.	
	(d)	Answer any one :	5
		(1) Explain TLC method.	
		(2) Explain Ion exchange chromatography.	
5	(a)	Answer the following :	
		(1) Define : Solubility.	
		(2) Addition of which chemical gives red precipitates for	
		aqueous solution of a mixture of CO_3^{-2} , SO_3^{-2} , S^{-2} ?	
		(3) Which electrode is used as primary reference electrode ?	
		(4) Why saturated calomel electrode is useful?	
	(b)	Answer any one :	
		(1) Explain common ion effect.	
		(2) Give the principle of potentiometry method.	
	(c)	Answer any one :	3
		(1) Explain separation of CI^- , Br^- , I^- with equation.	
		(2) Explain pH and pH scale.	
	(d)	Answer any one :	
		(1) Determine the dissociation constant of weak acid by	
		pH metry.	
		(2) Explain titration of Cl ⁻ , Br ⁻ , I ⁻ mixture with AgNO ₃ by	
		potentiometry.	